Family Voice Conference

Sara Tough, Executive Director of Children's Services

March 2019



Children's Services Leadership Team





Who we work for

1200 children in care

3,000 children in Special and Complex Needs schools

Approx 2,900 Children in Need (590 CP plans)

20,000 children with special educational needs

122,000 school age children

Other key Groups

- Schools (450)
- Children excluded from school
- Children involved in county lines
- Children with mental health needs
- Young Carers
- Asylum seeking Young People
- Families with young children (0-5)
- Carer leavers
- Children not in education or employment
- Young Offenders

Under 25 Population = 243,000 Children and Young People



Norfolk's Vital Signs for Children

Whole system

We work in partnership to get the right support for families, regardless of organisational boundaries

Norfolk's Vital Signs for Children

Signs of Safety, Well-being & Stability

Whole family

We think about family, in the widest sense, in all the work we do

These are the <u>Vital Signs</u> we want to ensure children's happiness and health.

We believe it is vital that children:

Are prepared and able to learn
Build positive, long-lasting relationships
Receive family-based care

Strengths Oriented

We identify the strengths of families and build on them to create positive change

Outcome Focused

We do whatever it takes to achieve the best outcome for families

Relationship Based

We work to build consistent and trusted relationships with families



Children's Transformation Strategic Approach

All teams and investments are targeted to supporting children and families to avoid the need for high intensity and high cost direct care

Inclusion

- Investing in Specialist Resource Bases
- Additional direct inclusion work
- Increasing the proportion of children with SEN who are supported to stay in mainstream settings
- Investing in independence enabled by technology

Majority of spend is on direct delivery of care to the most vulnerable or highest need children. Overlaps between LAC, SEN and transport cohorts

Placements and Support for Looked After Children

Residential = 19.4m Fostering = 28.4m Semi-Independent = 5.3m SGOs = 3.9m

Prevention and Early Intervention

- Transformed model at the front door enabling more demand to be managed preventatively and the social work teams to focus only on appropriate cases
- Enhancing Early Help with a focus on building capacity in the partnership system including ECFS

Home to School Transport

SEN = £13.1m Mainstream = £11.6m Post 16 = £3.1m

Education & Care for Children with SEN (HNB)

Special Schools = £31.5m Complex needs schools = £20m Alternative provision = £4.9m

Effective Practice Model

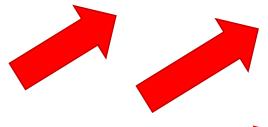
- Creating a new multi-disciplinary family and social work model
- Driving quality interventions through signs of safety and restorative practice
- New panels deploying resources earlier rather than at the point of crisis
- Wrapping specialist help around social work plans e.g. substance misuse, mental health and domestic abuse

Edge of Care Support and Alternatives to Care

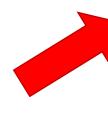
- New therapeutic service for families with children at the edge of care (SIB)
- Turnaround short breaks alternatives to care provision
- A focus on family finding and building support networks from extended families

Managing the care market & creating the capacity we need

- Step-change investment in Special Schools
- Creating high-quality semi-independent provision
- Family Values using behavioural science to redesign our approach to recruiting foster carers
- Enhanced fostering model building a network of capacity around foster carers to work with higher needs
- Valuing Care Model robust needs analysis and outcome based commissioning of placements



Increasing levels of demand in communities (in Norfolk and mirrored nationally)



Area SEND Leadership Board

NORFOLK AREA SEND SEND STRATEGY



supporting inclusion, improving services and changing lives...together











Policy & Resources Committee

Item No.....

1,			
	Report title:	Transforming the System for Special Educatio	
		Needs & Disability (SEND) in Norfolk	
	Date of meeting:	29 October 2018	
	Responsible Chief	Sara Tough, Executive Director of Children's	
	Officer:	Services	

Strategic impact

We are requesting capital and revenue borrowing in the region of £120million to tra the system of SEND in Norfolk through the creation of new specialist provision and programme to dramatically support and challenge mainstream inclusion. This transformation programme, within a draft Area SEND Strategy, aligns directly to the the four NCC priorities:

- Offering our help early to prevent and reduce demand for specialist services
- Joining up our work so that similar activities and services are easily accessible, done well and done once
- Using evidence and data to target our work where it can make the most difference

Children's Services Committee

	Report title:	Committee	
		Meeting	Item No
	Date of meeting:	Meeting Special Edit Disabilities (SEND) of and Funding July 2018	Cational Needs &
	Responsible Chief Officer:	July 2010	anty, Sufficiency
	Strategic impact	Executive Director Cr Sara Tough	nildren's Send
I	This report explain	-311	Gervices.

This report explains the Local Authority duty to ensure the sufficiency of places for children and young people identified and assessed as having a special Education Need or Disability (SEND). further outlines the current capacity and quality of provision, makes national comparisons and

In January we provided a report to CS Committee outlining the government's commitment to provide additional capital funding to all local authorities for special educational needs with Norfolk's allocation being £2.7million over a three-year period. We outlined our intention to carry out a consultation to help determine capital priorities within a more ambitious Special Educational

- Our duty as a Local Authority (LA), working in partnership The current landscape and how it compares nationally What provision do we have and is it enough?





SEND Transformation – what do we need to do?

Better provision for Norfolk Children Balance the budget

Ву...

Transforming the provision
- Having enough schools / SRBs of the right type in the right places across the county

-Driving down demand for assessment / diagnosis, enabling schools to meet needs ealrier

SEND Transformation – What do we need to do?

More SRBs Early, specialist
intervention is
not available
locally as there
are too few SRBs

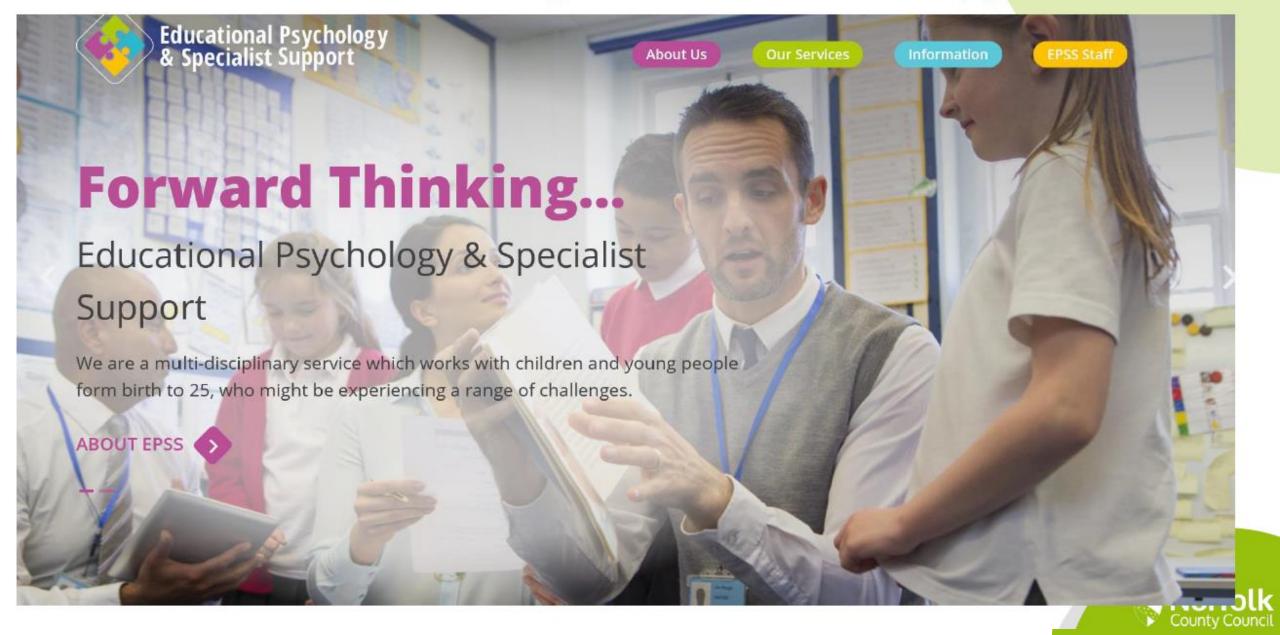
Invest in local provision - Too many children travelling miles



Build up to 4 more special schools – too many children in nonmaintained/high cost Drive down demand for assessment (EHCP) – meet need earlier, better, locally



Permission to think differently...a focus on SEN Support?



Pressures: Special Educational Needs & Disability

In Norfolk we have higher than average numbers of children with special educational needs and the number of referrals for assessment and specialist placements has risen significantly – especially in the last 12 months

Investment has grown but a lack of early intervention has meant demand for special school provision continues

£139.5m

£850m

18%

8%

Pressure identified by 68 DCS's in their High Needs Block Spend relating to rising numbers of children in Special Schools

Despite £850m growth in High Needs Block budget allocations across the country since 2013/14 Increase in children
educated in
specialist provision
– with a similar
decrease in the
numbers in
mainstream schools

Of children with SEN gain expected standard in Reading, Writing and Maths at KS2 compared to 71% non SEN

The model is breaking...

...& is not sustainable

Statutory demand is rising

And outcomes are poor

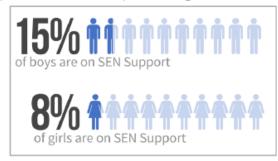


Norfolk SEN Population

- > The chart below shows that:
 - ➤ Norfolk's SEN Support cohort is larger than the national average.
 - ➤ The number of EHCP's issued to Norfolk children and young people is higher than the national average.

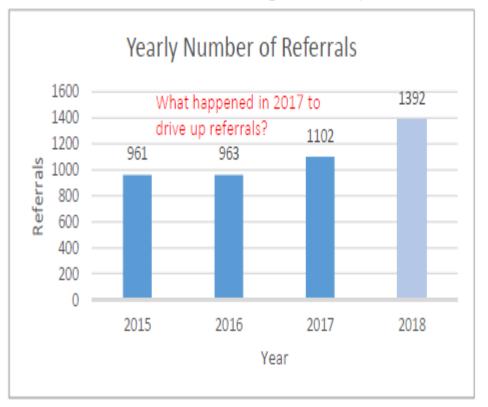


SEN is more prevalent in boys than girls in Norfolk:



Referrals in Norfolk

The graph below shows an annual view which shows that since 2017 the referral rate has risen significantly.





SEND Demand Analysis | Emerging findings

- 1. Demand for specialist services is higher in Norfolk than in similar areas and continues to rise
- 2. The majority of spend in the SEND system is on specialist services directing investment towards earlier help could improve outcomes and reduce reliance on specialist services
- 3. Up to 50% children with SEND could be supported at an earlier stage without a reliance on specialist services this proportion is particularly high for children with ASD/ SEMH in Norfolk.
- 4. There is an **opportunity to build confidence among parents/ carers** and professionals in the capability of the system to provide the right support at an earlier stage
- 5. Currently **EHCP** assessment and planning can be seen as the gateway to support a better understanding of system aims, pathways and support can help to change this
- 6. Most services that would meet needs at an earlier stage are already in place the system could have a greater impact on outcomes through earlier, more effective collaboration. For children with needs which are more clearly identifiable at an early stage (e.g. medical needs) this is already a clear strength
- 7. Needs could be more clearly identified and codified at an earlier stage to enable more tailored support and a continuous drive to reduce needs wherever possible this enables an opportunity to ensure that support is stepped up or down appropriately and regularly (e.g. through the EHCP annual review)
- 8. The system can work with parents, carers and professionals to give primacy to inclusion and long term independence over access to support/ services in the short term
- 9. Some **school leaders can be better supported and incentivised** to develop and improve approaches to SEND and inclusion
- 10. There is an opportunity for preparation for adulthood to be planned at an earlier stage in children's lives and for better join up from professionals to enable this



We are heading in the right direction

